

SAFETY DATA SHEET Glass Fibre Woven Fabric

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY

Product nameGlass Fibre Woven Fabric
Company
Easy Composites Ltd

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Intended Use Fibre reinforcement for resin systems

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Main hazards : No Significant Hazard

Symptoms relating to use

Inhalation: Fibreglass continuous filament is a mechanical irritant.

Breathing dusts and fibres may cause short-term irritation of the mouth, nose

and throat.

Skin contact: Dust and fibres from this product may cause itching and short

term irritation.

Eye contact: Dusts and fibres from this product may cause temporary

mechanical irritation to the eyes.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause short-term mechanical irritation of the

stomach and intestines

Environmental hazard: No known ecological damage caused by this product.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous ingredients

Percent by Wt. CAS No

Fibre Glass Continuous 80-100 65997-17-3

(non-respirable)

Acrylate Copolymer 0-20 65997-17-3

Component Related Regulatory Information

This product may be regulated, have exposure limits or other information identified as the following: Glass filaments, Fibrous glass, and Nuisance particulates.

Information on Non-Hazardous Components No additional information available.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin contact For skin contact, wash immediately with soap and water. Use a washcloth to help

remove fibres. To avoid further irritation, do not rub or scratch affected areas. Rubbing or scratching may force fibres into the skin. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Never use compressed air to remove fibres from the skin.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists

get medical attention.

Inhalation If inhaled, immediately remove the affected person to fresh air. If symptoms persist, get

medical attention.

Ingestion Ingestion of this material is unlikely. If it does occur, watch the person for several days to

make sure that partial or complete intestinal blockage does not occur.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Use any extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding fires.

Not to be used No.

Hazardous combustion

products

None

Primary combustion products are nitrogen oxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, ammonia, formaldehyde, and water. Other undetermined compounds could be released

in small quantities. This product may emit dense smoke when burned without sufficient

oxygen.

Protective equipment Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full bunker turnout gear in a

sustained fire.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Containment This material will settle out of the air. If concentrated on land, it can then be scooped up

Procedures: for disposal as a nonhazardous waste. This material will sink and disperse along the

bottom of waterways and ponds. It can not easily be removed after it is waterborne;

however, the material is non-hazardous in water.

Clean up methods Scoop up material and put into a suitable container for disposal as a non-hazardous

waste.

Response Procedures: Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Avoid inhaling dusts or vapours produced during cutting. Avoid eye and excessive skin

contact. Use only with adequate ventilation. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Special care must be

taken to avoid build-up of dusts.

Storage Store below 250 degF (121 degC). Store in a dry place.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General ProductAs manufactured, continuous filament glass fibres are not respirable. Continuous filament glass products that are chopped, crushed or severely processed during

manufacturing or use may contain a very small: amount of respirable particulate, some

of which may be glass shards.

Component Exposure

Limits

ACGIH and OSHA exposure limit lists have been checked for those components with CAS

registry numbers.

Fibre Glass Continuous (non-respirable) (65997-17-3)

ACGIH: 1 flcc TWA (for respirable fibres longer than 5 um with a diameter less than 3

urn): 5

mg/m3 TWA (inhalable particulate); (Listed under "Synthetic vitreous fibres")

(related

to Continuous filament glass fibres)

OSHA: total dust: 15 mg/m3 TWA; respirable fraction: 5 mg/m3 TWA (related to

Particulates

not otherwise regulated)

Ventilation: General dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation should be provided as

necessary to maintain exposures below occupational exposure limits.

Respiratory Protection: A properly fitted NIOSH approved disposable N 95 series dust respirator such as the 3M

model 8210 (formerly 8710) or model 8271 (formerly 9900) in high humidity

environments or equivalent should be used under the following conditions: 1) any dust environment; 2) when mechanically altering product (mechanical transfer, crushing, grinding, milling or other similar dust generating process. Use respiratory protection in accordance with your company's respiratory protection program, local regulations and

OSHA regulations under 29 CFR 1910.134.

Skin Protection: Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended. Use

impervious gloves. Skin irritations known to occur chiefly at the pressure points such as

around the neck, wrists, waist and between the fingers.

Eyes/Face Protective

Equipment Work Practices:

Wear safety glasses or Goggles.

Handle using good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Avoid unnecessary contact with dusts and fibres by using good local exhaust ventilation. Remove material from the skin and eyes after contact. Remove material from clothing using vacuum equipment (never use compressed air and always wash work clothes separately from other clothing.

Wipe out the washer or sink to prevent loose glass fibres from getting on other clothing). Keep the work area clean of dusts and fibres made during fabrication by using

vacuum equipment to clean up dusts and fibres (avoid dry sweeping or using compressed air as these techniques re-suspend dusts and fibres into the air.) Have

access to safety showers and eye wash stations.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: White to yellow fibreglass woven Fabric

Physical State: Glass Cloth

Odour Chemical
PH Not applicable
Boiling Point Not applicable
Flash point Not applicable
Specific gravity ASTM D Not applicable

1475

Auto-ignition Not applicable

temperature

Explosive propertiesSolubility In Water
Not applicable
Insoluble

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous reactions This Is a stable material

Conditions to avoid None Expected Substances to avoid None Expected

Hazardous Primary combustion products are nitrogen oxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, decomposition ammonia, hydrogen chloride and water. Other undetermined compounds could be

products released in small quantities.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicological data related to the preparation are available.

The following toxicological assessment is based on knowledge of the toxicity of the product's components

Toxicological information General Product Information

Carcinogenicity

Dusts and fibres may cause mechanical irritation to eyes and skin. Ingestion may cause transient irritation of throat, stomach and gastrointestinal tract. Inhalation may cause coughing, nose and throat irritation, and sneezing. Higher exposures may cause difficulty breathing, congestion, and chest tightness.

InhalationHarmful by inhalation.IngestionHarmful if swallowed.SkinIrritating to skin.EyesIrritating to eyes.

Fibre Glass Continuous Filament: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in June, 1987, categorized fibre glass continuous filament as not classifiable with respect to human carcinogenicity (Group 3). The evidence from human as well as animal studies was evaluated by IAHC as insufficient to classify fibre glass continuous filament as a possible, probable, or confirmed cancer causing material. The American Conference of Governmental industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) A4classification, not classifiable as a human carcinogen, for respirable continuous filament glass fibres is based on inadequate data in terms of its carcinogenicity in humans and/or animals. For respirable continuous filament glass fibres, a TLV-TWA of 1 fibre/cc was adopted to protect workers against mechanical irritation. The TLV-TWA of 5 rng/m3 was adopted for nonrespirable glass filament fibre, measured as inhalable dust, to prevent mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract.

Component Carcinogenicity

ACGIH, IARd:, OSHA, and NTP carcinogen lists have been checked for those components with CAS registry numbers. Fibre Glass Continuous (non-respirable) (65997-17-3)

ACGIH: A4- Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (related to

Continuous filament glass fibres)

IARC: Monograph 43, 1988 (related to Glass filaments) (Group 3

(not classifiable))

Rat Oral LD50 (mg/kg)

No LD50/LC50's are available for this product's components.

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological effects informationThis material is not expected to cause harm to animals, plants

or fish.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product No components are identified as hazardous wastes.

Disposal Consult appropriate authorities before disposing of this material.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for transport Not regulated for transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Risk Phrases NSR (no significant risk)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

The information supplied in this Safety Data Sheet is designed only as guidance for the safe use, storage and handling of the product. This information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication however no guarantee is made to its accuracy. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process.